

1 Aim

A :....

This document is for medical laboratories that use the Valab[®] expert system for computer aided biological validation. It is a guide on how to set up procedures for the qualification of Valab[®] by the medical laboratory. This guide provides an approach and a set of examples allowing the medical laboratory to qualify the use of the Valab[®] software tool and to ensure control in terms of checks, maintenance and traceability of modifications.

The medical laboratory, on the basis of risk analysis and its knowledge of the product, can decide to implement a different approach and set of procedures for all or part of the examples provided in this guide.

This guide serves as a complement to document "<u>Valab® Manufacturer's Information for Medical</u> <u>Laboratory Accreditation</u>" (**RD2**) which provides the medical laboratory with manufacturer information from the VALAB company concerning the use of Valab® in an accredited medical laboratory.

For more details on the use of Valab[®] and on the description of its interface with the LIS, please refer respectively to the Valab[®] User Manual (**RD3**) and Valab[®] Developer Manual (**RD4**) provided with Valab[®]. Those manuals are available under the "DOC" folder of Valab[®].

The records to be kept as proof of the execution and the results of the tests and checks described in the different sections of this document can be stored on any appropriate medium (digital or paper). Their length of conservation must comply with what is defined in the documentation of the QMS of the medical laboratory, the recommended minimum period of time being 24 months.

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The VALAB Company is certified ISO 9001 by:



Quality control, qualification and checks

2 References

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2.1 Document change history

Version	Date	Modification description	Author	Modified pages
3/B	10/13/2020	Added risk analysis example.	JP. Rogari	§2.3, §5, §6, §7,
		Review of the "Life cycle" overview.		§8, §9, §10.1.1,
		Added verifications linked to the switching to exploitation phase at		§11.2, §12.
		the end of the initial qualification.		
		The maintenance integration into the continuous monitoring.		
		Took into account of the service "Installation and qualification by		
		remote assistance of the Valab® update supplied with the		
		qualification report."		
		Updated list of Reference documents.		
		Updated links to the new VALAB website.		
		Updated VALAB logo.		
		Minor corrections and complements.		
3/C	24/10/2023	Account taken of the 2022 version of ISO 15189 and of version SH-	JP. Rogari	§2.3, §8.1,
		REF-02 of the Cofrac document, which takes into consideration the		§10.1.5, and
		ISO 15189:2022 requirements.		§11.2.
		Took into account of the Version 15.03 of Valab [®] .		
		Updated list of Reference documents.		
		Updated links to the new VALAB website.		
		Minor corrections and complements.		

2.2 Valab[®] web site www.valab.com

Click the following link to find the current version of this document on the Downloads page of the Valab[®] web site www.valab.com.

2.3 Reference documents

RD1	Medical laboratories — Requirements for quality and competence • ISO 15189
RD2	Valab [®] Manufacturer's Information for Medical Laboratory Accreditation (available at <u>www.valab.com</u>) • VAL-ACC-10
RD3	Valab [®] User Manual (provided in Valab [®] "DOC" subdirectory) VAL-MU-XX
RD4	Valab [®] Developer Manual (provided in Valab [®] "DOC" subdirectory) • VAL-MU-XX
RD5	Valab [®] - Backup and Restore (available at <u>www.valab.com</u>) • VAL-MU-42
RD6	Manuel Qualité VALAB (Valab Quality Manual - only available in French) (available at <u>www.valab.com</u>) • VAL-MQ-01
RD7	Privacy Policy of the VALAB Company (available at www.valab.com) • VALAB
RD8	Accreditation requirements according to standard NF EN ISO 15189 • Cofrac / SH REF 02
RD9	Accreditation technical guide for medical laboratories Cofrac / SH GTA 01
RD10	Accreditation technical guide to assess the IT systems in medical biology Cofrac / SH GTA 02
RD11	Articles L.6211-1 and following of the French Code of Public Health ● CSP
RD12	Articles L.5221-1 and following of the French Code of Public Health ● CSP
RD13	General data protection regulation (GDPR) • Regulation (EU) 2016/679

2.4 Acronyms

Meaning
For example
Laboratory Information System
Medical Laboratory
Man-Machine Interface
Not Applicable
Test result Not OK
Test result OK
Quality Management System
Reference Change Value
Reference Document

3 Test context overview

The following schematic gives an overview of the major areas involved in the use of Valab[®] in your laboratory that are qualified by the procedure examples provided in the following chapters of this guide.



4 Valab[®] integration into the Medical laboratory

The following overview shows the functional integration of Valab[®] in the laboratory process for the validation of patient test results.



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5 Example of a Valab[®] Risk Analysis

The most critical risk identifiable for Valab[®] would be the automatic biological validation or the automatic release of an "incorrect" result or of a result that the clinical scientist would have liked to have validated manually.

We will call this undesirable effect a "false negative".

The 5M method presented in the form of a cause-and-effect diagram (Ishikawa) allows first of all to identify the different major causes possibly resulting in this undesirable "false negative" effect.



In a second phase, the FMECA method (Failure mode, effects and criticality analysis) allows to classify the different causes identified above in terms of criticality (gravity, frequency and detectability) with regard to the Quality monitoring system that has been set up.



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G = Gravity / F = Frequency: 1 = low, 2 = medium, 3 = high, 4 = very high / D = Detectability: 1 = very high, 2 = high, 3 = medium, 4 = low

Potential defect	5M	Causes	G	F	D	Criticality	Means of control
		Bad connection of complementary information	2	3	2	12	Qualification of the connection / Data integrity Operating procedures for the setup of complementary information, clinical information and tests in the LIS in order to
		Bad connection of clinical information	2	3	2	12	maintain consistency between the LIS and Valab [®] (meaning of coded text, test units)
	Material	Bad connection of tests	4	2	1	8	Do not use free text for complementary information and clinical information Activate blocking of reports containing complementary information or clinical information not known by Valab Systematic blocking of tests not known by Valab®
		Bad integration of autoverification results	4	2	2	16	Qualification of the connection / Data integrity Choice of operating mode (Consultative / Release)
		Inappropriate equipment or premises	3	1	1	3	Respect supplier's recommendations
		Power cut / outage	3	2	1	6	Redundant server. UPS Contingency plan. Maintenance agreement
	Machine	Access to premises not secure	4	1	1	4	Server in room with secure access
		Bad settings for user profiles (rights, login, password)	4	2	1	8	One account per user with the appropriate rights Password renewal
False negative	Method	Insufficient formalisation in the QMS documentation	3	2	1	6	Formalisation of the different ways to use Valab [®] and definition of the responsibility of the clinical scientist and the conditions for authorisation of the release of the test result reports (periods of on-call duty, simple / routine reports,) Describe the procedures set up to qualify, requalify, monitor and maintain Valab [®] . Describe how to activate / deactivate Valab and how to choose the "consultative" or "release" Valab [®] operating mode Formalise modification management
		Bad continuous monitoring	4	2	2	16	Internal quality control of Valab®
		Uncontrolled modification management	4	3	1	12	Requalification after modification (Valab [®] , LIS, new analysers,) Traceability of modifications
		Bad biological setup of Valab®	4	3	1	12	Customisation of the initial Valab [®] setup. Initial qualification of Valab Train key-contact users for setup
	Measurement	Uncontrolled backups	3	1	1	3	Qualification of backups. Remote backups
		Uncontrolled supplier maintenance access	3	2	1	6	Setting up of a secure remote maintenance access Opening of access to remote maintenance by the medical laboratory Traceability of interventions
		No maintenance agreement	3	1	1	3	Setting up of maintenance agreement
	Manpower	No consensus	3	1	1	3	Participation of all of the clinical scientists during the customisation of the initial Valab® setup Participation of all of the clinical scientists during the initial qualification of Valab® Creation of a board of key contact persons for Valab (at least one clinical scientist per family)
		Lack of involvement	4	2	1	8	Setting up of the signatures of the persons responsible for biological validation on the reports of results validated by Valab according to the site, test families and biological validation schedule
		Lack of training	4	2	1	8	Training of users

Colour code:	risk controlled	[1; 16]
	risk to be monitored]16; 32]
	high risk	> 32

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6 Overview of this guide – Life cycle

The following schematic gives an overview of this guide and indicates the sections applicable to the different situations of the life cycle of Valab[®] in the medical laboratory.



7 Qualification of the connection with the LIS

To be performed after the initial installation of Valab[®] and after certain modifications (see section 10 - "Requalification after modification").

This procedure qualifies the following points:

- the validity of the transcoding table of the LIS used to "connect" the tests of the LIS to Valab[®];
- the correspondence of the test units between the LIS and Valab[®]
- the validity of the integration of the autoverification results of Valab[®] by the LIS (Valab[®] flags)
- the processing of a modified report, a report validated with Valab[®] and a report blocked by Valab[®].

7.1 Test procedure

Step	Result OK / NOK
In your LIS, create a test report containing all the medical tests connected to Valab® (if required, you can create several reports: Biochemistry, Haematology, Cockcroft man / woman, fluorinated tubes). Content of the test report(s):	
each test must have a different value (for example: test sequence number);	
 report number, sex, patient identification, date of birth; 	NA
 a prescriber (speciality, FU); 	
a therapeutic and clinical information item (chemotherapy, infarction, after dialysis);	
 a technical comment (haemolysed sample, icteric plasma); 	
date and time of day the sample was taken or, failing that, of when the request was entered.	
▼ Step (1) ▼	
Send this report to Valab [®] from the LIS ⁽¹⁾ .	NA
In Valab [®] , print out the report received (File - Open PTD file) - Enter the report N° - Click the Refresh button 🛃 Double-click the desired file in the list - Print).	NA
In your LIS, check that the report is not released and is proposed to you in a biological validation session.	
Check that the report displayed in your LIS matches the report printed out by Valab [®] :	
 for each medical test result: Value Unit Valab[®] autoverification result⁽²⁾; 	
report number, sex, patient identification, date of birth;	
information concerning the prescriber (speciality, emergency context, hospital context);	
 clinical information concerning the patient; 	
 technical comment; 	
date and time of day the sample was taken or, failing that, of when the request was entered.	
Processing a modified report	
In the LIS, modify a value of a medical test in a test report.	
Repeat Step ${f 1}$ described above paying particular attention to the processing of the modified test.	
Processing a Validated report	
In the LIS, create a test report containing only one test connected to Valab [®] with a "normal" value and compatible clinical information (a "normally normal" report which should be validated by Valab [®]).	NA
Send this report to Valab [®] from the LIS ⁽¹⁾ .	NA
In Valab [®] , print out the report received (File - Open PTD file - Print).	NA
In the LIS, check depending on the Valab [®] operating mode that this report is proposed:	
for the "consultative" mode: During the biological validation session;	
 for the "release" mode: For authorisation for release by a qualified person or is released according to the requirements for the use of Valab[®] defined in the medical laboratory's QMS documentation. The full name of the medical clinical scientist is included on the released report. 	

 ${}^{(1)}\mbox{As a general rule, the report is sent to Valab^{\circledast}}$ as soon as the tests have been technically validated.

⁽²⁾ If you are using Linked, Redirected or Blind tests, note that those are not directly displayed in the Valab[®] Simulation window. However, you may check on them by clicking the "History" button of that window.

7.2 Record the results of the test

Keep a record (electronic or paper) containing the printouts of the reports by Valab[®] and by the LIS if applicable, write on them the result of the test procedure and any useful comments, the date the test procedure was performed, and the full name of the qualified person who performed the test.

8 Initial qualification of the autoverification and of the setup customisation

To be performed after the initial installation of Valab[®] and, in a lighter version⁽¹⁾, after certain modifications. This procedure qualifies the following points:

- The validity of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®]
- The validity of the customisation of the Valab[®] setup performed by the medical laboratory
- The correct processing by the LIS of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®]
- The acceptance of the use of the Valab[®] tool by all the clinical scientists and the transition to the production phase.

The principle is based on use in consultative mode allowing a double validation of the reports (Valab® and the clinical scientist / pathologist). During this phase, the clinical scientists monitor the relevance of the autoverification performed by Valab® and finalise the customisation of the setup in order to obtain the most suitable operation for the population and the special characteristics and requirements of the medical laboratory. They are accompanied by the Biological Expertise Support Team of the VALAB Company.

After finalising the customisation of the setup, consultative mode is maintained by the medical laboratory for a period of activity or a volume of reports significant and necessary for the acceptance of the operation of Valab[®] (example time period: 15 days / example volume of reports: > 5000 reports for a medical laboratory processing 1000 reports per day).

8.1 Test procedure

Step	Result OK
	/ NOK
Activate the "Use Valab [®] in consultative mode" option if available in the LIS. If not, activate the global	NA
consultative mode option proposed by Valab [®] (Autoverity mode - Consultative mode - On).	
Over a period of time or volume of reports to be defined by the medical laboratory	
The clinical scientists, during their biological validation sessions on the LIS, check the relevance of the autoverification results returned by Valab [®] :	
 the medical test results which should not be validated by Valab[®] appear with an autoverification code "not validated by Valab[®]" when displayed by the LIS; 	
 The medical test results validated biologically by Valab[®] should in fact be validated; 	
 The contextual data (age, sex, prescribers, therapeutic and clinical information, complementary information) of the patients' reports is correctly taken into account by Valab[®]. 	
The clinical scientists check the global statistics (number and % of reports validated by Valab®) and also the	
coherence and / or consistency of the validation and refusal rates for each test (View - Statistics menu).	
Qualification successful, transition to production phase	
Record for traceability purposes the approval of the requirements for the use of Valab [®] by all of the clinical scientists (see section 11.3).	
Run the part "▼ Processing a Validated report ▼" from section "7 - Qualification of the connection with the	
LIS" paying particular attention to the different dissemination channels (result reports in both paper and	
electronic formats, HPRIM, internal/external results servers).	
In the LIS, create a test report containing only one medical test connected to Valab [®] with a critical value. Send this report to Valab [®] from the LIS ⁽¹⁾ .	NA
In Valab [®] , print out the report received (File - Open PTD file - Print).	NA
In your LIS, check that the report is not released and is proposed to you in a biological validation session.	1

⁽¹⁾ When the test is run again following certain modifications (see section "10 - Requalification after modification"), the phase of finalising the customisation of the setup is not applicable. The procedure is limited therefore to performing the steps of the above table on a limited volume of reports or over a limited period of time (e.g. 1 day).

8.2 Record the results of the test

At the end of this period, the medical laboratory keeps a record (electronic or paper) approved by a qualified person certifying that the biological validation assistance provided by Valab[®] has been qualified by the medical laboratory over a period of "X" weeks by using consultative mode corresponding to a check of the processing of "N" patient reports.

In particular the record must contain a list of the parameter settings of Valab[®] corresponding to the end of the qualification period (View - Tests menu, Print / Export button), the extracts of the Valab[®] logbook containing the modifications made during the qualification period (View - Log menu, select the period concerned, Print / Export button), the Valab[®] activity statistics for the acceptance period (View - Statistics menu, select the period concerned, Print / Export / Export button), the printouts of the reports by Valab[®], the results of the test procedure and any useful comments, the date the test procedure was performed, the full name of the qualified person who performed the test.

9 Continuous monitoring of Valab®

9.1 Test procedure

Make sure there are no operational drifts. This procedure relies on 5 complementary assessment criteria described in the following paragraphs (monitoring of drift, reproducibility, relevance, connection with the LIS and maintenance).

9.1.1 Stability of the statistics

Monitoring of drift. To be performed at a frequency to be defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. monthly or quarterly).

Step	Result OK / NOK
Extract the activity statistics for the period since the last check (e.g. previous month, previous quarter, Menu "View - Statistics", select the period concerned, click the Print/Export button).	NA
Check on the listing obtained that the overall statistic "NVR % of NER" (number of validated reports expressed as a % of the number of autoverified reports) is equal to the reference value defined by the medical laboratory ⁽¹⁾ \pm a percentage defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. \pm 5%).	
 Compare ⁽²⁾ the listing obtained with the one obtained during the last check in order to verify that: The ratio NER/NRR from the overall statistic (number of autoverified reports / number of received reports) is close to 1 or is close to or greater than the value measured during the last check; 	
 The column (NER) of the parameter "Origin of the report" (% of reports verified containing a prescriber declared in the Valab[®] prescribers correspondence table) is close to 100%, or is close to or greater than the value measured during the last check; 	
 The column (NER) percentages for the "Clinical and Therapeutic Information" and "Complementary Information" parameters globally reflect the percentages of patient reports of your medical laboratory containing respectively "Clinical and Therapeutic Information" and "Complementary Information" or are close to or greater than the values measured during the last check. 	
$^{(1)}$ The reference value is determined from the statistics of the initial aualification or revised during continuous monitoring of	or

⁽¹⁾ The reference value is determined from the statistics of the initial qualification or revised during continuous monitoring or requalification actions for example.

⁽²⁾ This comparison can be facilitated by using the "export in Excel format" functions proposed by Valab®.

9.1.2 Pool of "test" reports

The Pool of "test" reports, created specifically and/or coming from anonymised patient records, allowing to monitor the reproducibility of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®]. To be performed at a frequency defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. every 6 months) and after certain modifications (see section 10 - "Requalification after modification").

This pool of test reports is established once and for all by the medical laboratory with the help of the Valab[®] Simulation mode (View - Simulation). The same pool is used for each check in order to build a reference. It can however be adapted / enhanced according to any changes that have occurred between two checks (see section 10 -"Requalification after modification"). The reports of the pool can for example contain critical or regulatory tests (e.g. K+, troponin, platelets ...) or frequently used tests⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾.

content of the reports	points verified
A report for which all the tests have a high critical value.	Valab [®] "P" flag
A report for which all the tests have a low critical value (if applicable).	Valab [®] "P" flag
Several reports containing tests with results which have been chosen for their alert value or critical value and their capacity to allow the rules to operate in a complex situation. These reports can for example correspond to typical reports of the medical laboratory with values situated just outside the limits of Valab®'s validation criteria.	Valab [®] "P", "C", "A", "D" and "V" flags
Several reports judged to be validatable by Valab [®] . These reports can for example correspond to typical reports of the medical laboratory with values situated just below the limits of Valab [®] 's validation criteria.	Valab® "V" flag

⁽¹⁾ Some examples of basic CQ reports are available as an example in the directory "Valab_directory\POOL_CQ".

 $^{(2)}$ It is not advisable to use the Duplicated or Auto-expert tests in those reports since they will eventually be deleted from the report

by Valab[®] during the reopening, given the case that those tests alike have been created or deleted since the creation of this report.

Sten	Result OK
	/ NOK
For each test report of the pool:	
 Autoverify the report in Simulation mode in Valab (File - Open PTD file) 	
Check that the autoverification flag for each test in the "test" report corresponds to what is expected	

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9.1.3 Sampling of patients' reports

Sampling of patients' reports to be checked by the clinical scientists after autoverification by Valab[®] (relevance check). To be performed at a frequency and on a volume of reports to be defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. 30 reports per month or "[square root of (number of reports processed per year)] / 12" reports per month).

Step	Result OK / NOK
A number of sampling solutions are possible. Some of which are listed below in descending order of effectiveness / relevance:	
examine a series of reports generated by the LIS after autoverification by Valab [®] or;	
activate the consultative mode of the LIS or, failing that, the one of Valab [®] (Autoverify mode -	NA
Consultative mode - On menu option) for a sufficient period of time (e.g. ½ day per month) or;	
examine a series of reports using Valab [®] 's [®] Simulation mode (File - Open PTD file).	
The clinical scientists of the medical laboratory examine the sampled reports to check the relevance of the autoverification performed by Valab [®] (this allows in particular to check that the contextual data in the reports is correctly taken into account by Valab [®] - age, sex, prescribers, therapeutic and clinical information, complementary information, information about the sample):	
the reports and/or tests that should be blocked by Valab [®] are correctly blocked by Valab [®]	
the reports and/or tests validated by Valab [®] are rightfully validated	

9.1.4 Connection with the LIS

Check of the connection with the LIS. To be performed at a frequency to be defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. every 18 months).

Step	Result OK / NOK
If the test described in section 7 - "Qualification of the connection with the LIS" was run less than 18 months ago as part of a requalification after a modification, re-schedule a check of the connection with the LIS on "the date when the test of section 7 was last run + the period defined by the medical laboratory (e.g. +18 months)".	
If not, run the test described in section 7 - "Qualification of the connection with the LIS".	

9.1.5 Maintenance

Valab® maintenance operations to be performed at regular intervals by the Medical Laboratory.

Step I	Result OK
	/ NOK
Correct any Valab [®] correspondence table errors if required (Correspondence tables - Manage	
correspondence table errors).	
Check a sample of the content of the Valab® correspondence tables (Correspondence tables - / Edit	
correspondence tables). Check that the content of the correspondence tables is consistent with the coded	
text (labels) sent to Valab [®] by the LIS.	
Check and correct any connection errors between Valab [®] and the LIS if required (click the Ms-Cx button on	
the Valab [®] lower panel).	
Check and correct any Valab [®] system errors if required (click the Sys button on the Valab [®] lower panel).	
Extract the part of the log containing the modifications made since the last maintenance session (View - Log,	
select the period concerned, Print/Export button).	
Using the printout, check and approve the modifications made to Valab [®] since the last check.	
Make sure that the solution implemented to back up the Valab [®] data is functional (see RD5 "Valab [®] - Backup	
and Restore").	

9.2 Record the results of the test

Keep a record (electronic or paper) corresponding to the checks carried out:

- the listing of the statistics provided by Valab[®] and/or;
- the list of the reports in the test pool and/or;
- the length of time operated in consultative mode and the corresponding number of reports and/or the list of sample reports and/or;
- the recording of the test described in section 7 "Qualification of the connection with the LIS" and/or;
- The listing of the logbook worth the acceptation of potential setting modifications.

Indicate on these documents the results of the test procedure and any useful comments, the date the test procedure was performed, and the full name of the qualified person who performed/supervised the test.

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Requalification after modification 10

Requalification procedures following a modification of Valab® or of its environment. The list of modifications envisaged here is not exhaustive and the procedures applied should be adapted and evaluated by the medical laboratory according to the modification and its potential impact.

Test procedure 10.1

The following paragraphs describe the test procedure to be applied according to the modification.

10.1.1 Change of Valab® version

Chan .	Result OK
Step	/ NOK
Note: The VALAB company proposes an "Implementation and qualification by remote servicing of the Valab® updating	
supplied with the qualification report." This servicing covers the functional non regression, it exempts you from running	
the tests from this paragraph.	
You must therefore keep the qualification report supplied by the VALAB company and, in addition, realise a simple check of	
the reboot by, for instance, verifying the compliance of the autoverification supplied by Valab® on some patient reports after reboot.	
Prior to the update, extract the part of the log containing the latest important modifications made to Valab®	NA
(i.e. that may have an impact on autoverification results): biological setup, autoverification rules,	
correspondence tables, . (View - Log - select the period concerned - Print/Export button).	
After the update, check that the "Sys" indicator on the Valab lower panel is not magenta and doesn't indicate	
any errors.	
Use the extract made previously of the log to check that the modifications are still applied in the settings	
(View - Tests menu option, Correspondence tables - Manage correspondence tables menu option,).	
▼ Step ① ▼	
In the case of a major version change (e.g. V14.xx to V15.xx):	
a. Run the test described in section 7 - "Qualification of the connection with the LIS";	
b. Run the test described in section 9.1.2 - "Pool of "test" reports";	
c. Run, in a lighter version (e.g. consultative mode over 1 day only), the test described in section 8 -	
"Initial qualification of the autoverification and of the setup customisation".	
In the case of a minor version change (e.g. Vxx.01 to Vxx.02/03/04), on the basis of a risk analysis	
corresponding to the modifications made by the minor version(s) (see the release note for the minor	
version(s)), evaluate the need to re-run all or part of the tests listed in step (1) .	

10.1.2 Backup restore after an incident

Step	Result OK
	/ NOK
After the restore, extract the part of the log containing the latest important modifications made to Valab®	NA
(i.e. that may have an impact on autoverification results): biological setup, autoverification rules,	
correspondence tables (View - Log - select the period concerned - Print/Export button).	
Use the extract of the log made previously to check that the modifications do in fact correspond to the latest	
important modifications made to Valab [®] (refer to your traceability records: continuous monitoring of Valab [®] ,	
initial qualification / requalification of Valab [®] ,).	
Use the extract of the log made previously to check that these modifications are still applied in the settings	
(View - Tests menu option, Correspondence tables - Manage correspondence tables menu option.)	
Run the test described in section 9.1.2 - "Pool of "test" reports".	

10.1.3 Change of LIS version or change of LIS

Step	Result OK / NOK
See the recommendations of the LIS provider.	
In the case of a change of LIS version, run the test described in section 7 - "Qualification of the connection with the LIS".	
In the case of a change of LIS, please contact your VALAB Technical Support person to find out if a VALAB Technical Support intervention is necessary to allow reconnection.	
10.1.4 New analyser or connection to a new analyser having an impact on your Valah® setun	

er or connection to a new analyser having an impact on your Valab® setup 10.1.4 New analy

Step	Result OK / NOK
Run the test described in section 10.1.5 - "Modification of the Valab setup".	

10.1.5 Modification of the Valab setup

Requalification procedure following a modification⁽¹⁾ of the Valab[®] parameter settings for a single test or a group of tests (e.g. units, limit values, RCV, autoverification rules, sensitivity settings, new analyser,...), or following the connection of a new test to Valab[®] (e.g. adding a new Auto-Expert test, connecting a new analyser,...).

This procedure qualifies the following points:

- the validity of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®] for the test(s) concerned
- the correct processing by the LIS of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®] for the test(s) concerned
- the acceptance of the use of the Valab® tool by the medical laboratory for the processing of the test(s) concerned

This check is based on the activation in Valab[®] of consultative mode for a specific test which allows a double validation of the reports containing the test(s) in consultative mode. During this phase, the clinical scientists check the relevance of the autoverification results returned by Valab[®] for the reports containing this/these test(s).

This test-specific consultative mode is kept active by the medical laboratory for the length of time necessary for the acceptance of the use of Valab[®] (e.g. 1 week).

Sten	Result OK
	/ NOK
Assess the impact of the modifications on the tests described in section 7 - "Qualification of the connection	
with the LIS" and section 9.1.2 - "Pool of "test" reports". Re-run these tests if required.	
Activate the "consultative mode for the specific test(s)" concerned ("View – Tests" menu, select the test(s)	
concerned, activate the contextual menu (right click), and select "Activate the consultative mode" or double	NA
click on each test concerned and tick the "Biology / Consultative Mode" box).	
Over a period of time or volume of reports to be defined by the medical laboratory	
The clinical scientists, during their biological validation sessions on the LIS, check the relevance of the	
autoverification results returned by Valab [®] :	
• the tests which should be blocked by Valab [®] are displayed as "blocked by Valab [®] " on the LIS, in particular	
for the test(s) concerned	
the tests biologically validated by Valab [®] are rightfully validated, in particular the test(s) concerned	
the contextual data of the patients' reports is correctly taken into account by Valab [®] (age, sex,	
prescribers, therapeutic and clinical information, complementary information), in particular for the	
test(s) concerned	
The clinical scientists check the statistics (View - Statistics) in order to validate the global statistics (% of	
reports validated by Valab [®]), the number of patients' reports containing the test(s) concerned (NPR column	
of the activity statistics), and the coherence and/or consistency of the validation or refusal rates for each test,	
in particular for the test(s) concerned.	
	1

⁽¹⁾ If the modification consists of a restriction of the operation of Valab[®] for one or more of the settings listed below and if the medical laboratory accepts the risk of making Valab[®] less effective, the requalification can be limited to simply checking that there haven't been any entry errors by checking after their entry that the new settings correspond to those desired by the medical laboratory:

- Reduced RCV value,
- Activation of or reduced maximum delta value,
- activation of or reduced critical maximum delta value,
- reduced sensitivity,
- narrowing of the validation limits for a result with no previous result,

With regard to the reference intervals and critical limits, possible side effects affecting the inter-parametric autoverification rules and/or the autoverification trends, mean that we cannot guarantee that the consequences will be systematically restrictive.

10.2 Record the results of the test

Keep a record (electronic or paper) approved by a qualified person certifying that the biological validation assistance provided by Valab® has been requalified by the medical laboratory following a modification. The record must in particular contain the records specified in the different sections for the different tests run, the description of the modification which made the requalification necessary, the results of the test procedure and any useful comments if applicable, the date on which the test procedure was performed, and the full name of the qualified person who performed/supervised the test.

11 Impact on the medical laboratory's QMS documentation

11.1 Formalise the way that the Valab[®] software is used

The medical laboratory must formalise in its QMS documentation the way that the Valab[®] computer aided validation software is used. To this end it must in particular, indicate that it uses the Valab[®] computer aided validation software, describe the conditions of service in which the tool is implemented and define the responsibility of the clinical scientist and also the conditions of authorisation of release of the results reports.

In all cases, it is important to indicate that all the medical test results released by the medical laboratory are done so under the responsibility of the clinical scientist, including those verified with the help of the Valab® computer aided validation software. In this respect, all the results reports issued by the medical laboratory are considered to have been validated by the clinical scientist and must bear his/her signature (first name, last name and signature configured in the LIS). Inscriptions of the form "validated by expert system" are not acceptable.

11.2 Identify the means of control of the Valab[®] software

The internal procedures of the medical laboratory must be adapted in order to describe the procedures set up to qualify, requalify, monitor and maintain the Valab[®] tool. The corresponding recording of results and their archiving must also be defined.

The medical laboratory must describe, in the appropriate procedure, how to activate / deactivate Valab[®] and how to choose the desired Valab[®] operating mode, "consultative" or "release" (e.g. cross-reference to the Valab[®] User Manual).

After any modification of a parameter setting in the LIS, the medical laboratory must evaluate the need for modification in Valab[®] (units, correspondence tables, ...) and vice-versa. It is important that the medical laboratory adapts its internal procedures at this level.

In case of operating problems detected when running a test / maintenance procedure, the laboratory must implement appropriate corrective action.

The medical laboratory should have enabled operation in fail-safe mode in the event that Valab[®] breaks down.

11.3 Record for traceability purposes the approval of the requirements for the use of Valab[®] by all of the clinical scientists

All of the clinical scientists that will use the Valab[®] computer aided validation software must have approved all of the requirements for its use. This approval must be recorded for traceability purposes.

12 Awareness, accreditation and training of users

12.1 Training of users

All laboratory personnel who use the Valab[®] software must be trained on how it works and how to use it. For this purpose, when Valab[®] is installed, the future key-contact users of the system are trained by an agent of the VALAB company.

The term "user" must be understood in a broad sense, to cover not only the direct users of Valab[®] (key contact staff authorised to set up, check or otherwise interact with the software), but all the laboratory staff validating reports containing tests connected to Valab[®].

At this level, the medical laboratory must make provision to integrate the training actions concerning the Valab[®] software into the training plan of the personnel concerned. Training is recommended both for new users and for existing users when they update to a new major release of Valab[®]. The traceability of these training actions must be recorded and archived.

12.2 Awareness of the users

As a complement to the means of control of Valab[®] implemented and formalised by the medical laboratory, it must be remembered that a "natural" review of the autoverification results provided by Valab[®] for each test result of a patient's report is performed informally by the clinical scientist during his/her biological validation sessions within the LIS (display of the Valab[®] autoverification flags in the LIS). This informal review is carried out on all of the reports when Valab[®] is used in "consultative" mode, and on the reports not validated when it is used in "release" mode.

It is important to make the clinical scientists aware of this informal review.

12.3 Accreditation of the users

Provide for the accreditation to the Valab[®] use as part of the QMS process of the Medical Laboratory for the accreditation addressed to the clinical scientists (new collaborators, substitutes ...).